

If you want to reach the people in the homes in Alexandria and its suburbs place your announcements in the Gazette. If your goods and prices are right you will get the customers.

Alexandria Gazette

For Virginia, probably showers and thunderstorms tonight and tomorrow; gentle southeast winds. Sun rose 5:33 a. m.; sun sets 6:44 p. m.

VOL. CXXXIII—No. 206.

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1917.

PRICE ONE CENT.

CITY COUNCIL CALLED WHITE SLAVERY CASE

Will Consider Proposition Tonight to Establish Ferry Service Between Alexandria and Giesboro Point.

A joint session of the members of the Board of Aldermen and City Council will be held this evening for the purpose of considering the proposition to establish a ferryboat service between this city and Giesboro Point and to take action on a proposition to be submitted by representatives from the Washington Steel and Ordnance Company providing for the same.

As has heretofore been stated, the Washington Steel and Ordnance Company is anxious to locate several hundred employees of that plant in Alexandria, and in order to do so it will be necessary to operate a ferry steamer from this port to the plant on the opposite side of the river, a distance of three and one half miles north of the King street wharf in Alexandria.

The problem of transporting workmen from Alexandria to the Steel Plant as well as to the Washington navy yard has, for several years been perplexing, especially so during the winter months. At present some employees at the navy yard make the round trip daily in automobiles. Most of the Alexandrians who work at the Steel Plant use small motor boats. These modes of transportation are unsatisfactory for various reasons. The passengers are cramped in the small cabins of the boats, where it would be disastrous to have fires, and the exposure in winter is not only trying but dangerous. Such conditions have resulted in numbers of Alexandrians removing to Washington or Congress Heights, recently, in order to escape the inconveniences incident to transportation.

Up to a few years ago a ferry service was maintained between Alexandria and Washington. It did not receive the encouragement it should and eventually the steamer had to be taken off the line.

Both boards of the City Council will meet tonight to consider a proposition of the officials of the steel plant, who, it is said are anxious to place a steamer upon the route and pay two-thirds of the expense of operating it if the city will pay the other one third. After the number of passengers shall have reached five hundred, the line will be able to take care of itself from a financial standpoint it is said.

It is believed that the number of men from Alexandria now employed at the steel plant would be increased to approximately five hundred within a short time after the ferryboat is put in service if the proposed plans are carried out.

"Without a Soul" at the Richmond.

"Without a Soul," at the Richmond Theatre tonight in which Clara Kimball Young is more than beautifully lovely, deals with a most interesting question—namely the question of life after death.

In this photoplay Dr. Barnhelm contended that the soul did not "escape" from the body at death. His life work was devoted to experiments which might prove his theory. He finally succeeded in bringing the dead to life; but it was by no means a pleasant accomplishment. It was the drama of his life, and few there are who would care to undergo the same experiences that were his.

"The Sign of the Poppy," with Hobart Henley playing a dual role, will be the attraction at the Surprise Theatre tonight when "Bluebird Day" again arrives. Gertrude Selby will be Mr. Henley's leading lady, and a carefully selected company will be in their support. "The Sign of the Poppy" is a "mystery play," fraught with exciting episodes and sensational events that will keep the "movie fans" interested and well entertained throughout the photodrama's five acts.

Notice Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Arlington Brewing Company will be held at the office of the company, Rosslyn, Va., on Tuesday September 11, 1917, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing directors and transacting such business as may come before the meeting.

Company Secretary.

Man and Woman Arrested For Being Drunk Have Charge of More Serious Nature Against Them.

E. D. Woodward and Rose Weaver were arrested by Officer Miller on the charge of being drunk. It was subsequently alleged that Woodward had paid the woman's fare to this city and that the couple had occupied a room in the northeastern section.

The accused were brought before the Police Court this morning. Woodward was represented by Robinson Moncre. According to the woman's version of the affair, Woodward had paid her way to this city. Woodward, however, alleged that his partner had intercepted him in Washington and that he bought beer and whisky for her entertainment in that city. He said he was born in Rappahannock county, but resided at present at Catlett's, where he has a wife and eight children. A few weeks ago he went to Philadelphia to visit a friend, and stopped in Washington upon his return towards his home, where he met the woman and later accompanied her to Alexandria.

Mr. Moncre suggested that the charge which his client would be arraigned upon in the Police Court would be drunken or disorderly conduct, or nothing more serious than lasciviousness, but Justice Caton summed up the case differently. He told the counsel that the Police Court had no jurisdiction in the matter, it being a case of violation of the white slave law, as the woman had been brought to this city from another place for immoral purposes; hence he would hold both the prisoners for the action of the federal authorities.

Arthur Johnson was fined \$5 for being drunk in the streets.

Charles Woods had been arrested on the charge of escaping from the National Training School. He will be held for the federal authorities.

KIDNAP I. W. W. LEADER

Masked Men Take Him From City And Threaten His Life.

Buffalo, Aug. 29.—Kidnaped last night at Jamestown by masked and armed men, taken from the city in an automobile and unceremoniously dropped beside the road a score or more miles from Buffalo, Rudolph Katz, of Mayville, N. Y., organizer of the I. W. W., arrived in Buffalo yesterday. As Katz, who has been active in two recent strikes in Jamestown, was going home Monday night he was caught by two men, hustled into an automobile where four others, masked and with revolvers in their hands, waited. The trip through the countryside to Fredonia was made at breakneck speed. Katz was told to get out, and one of the men, flourishing a pistol, told him if he ever returned to Jamestown he would be killed.

He is at the home of Dr. Anna Reinstein, wife of Boris Reinstein, who sailed without permission of the Government to attend the Socialist convention at Stockholm. Mayor Carthon, of Jamestown, tomorrow will be asked to guarantee Katz's safe conduct to Jamestown and his safety while in the city. He will take the matter up with the leaders of the Federal Department of Labor, Katz says, unless the Mayor acts favorably.

Word from Jamestown is to the effect that the police there are investigating the manner in which Katz was hustled from the city. It is said there were several witnesses to the kidnapping. One witness brought word to the police. Katz suffered no physical violence. He declared that after the first threatening he received when he was bundled into the automobile the men were silent until they threatened his life if he ever returned to Jamestown.

Confederate Veterans

The members of R. E. Lee Camp, Confederate Veterans, are notified to meet and attend the funeral of their late comrade John Beckham, from his residence, No. 913 Prince street, tomorrow, Thursday, afternoon at 4 o'clock, in uniform. By order, Lieut. Commander.

Edgar Warfield, Adjutant.

I will not be responsible for debts made after August 26 only by myself.

RICHARD MUNSE, 205-31.

Alexandria City and Suburbs

Company A of the Alexandria Home Guards will meet for drill at the armory on south Royal street tonight at 8 o'clock.

Prof. Forest Cole, who had charge of the music at the camp meeting at Benton Woods, Loudoun county, which closed on Sunday evening, arrived in the city last night for a brief stay. Rev. Gypsy Smith, who preached at the various services, has returned to his home in Connecticut. The series of meetings which had been arranged for him at Front Royal to open within the next few days have been postponed on account of fear of infantile paralysis in that part of the state.

Tomorrow being the second anniversary of the death of the Rev. Henry J. Cutler, who was, during more than twenty years, the beloved pastor of St. Mary's congregation, a solemn requiem mass will be sung in the church at 8 o'clock. The celebrant will be the Rev. Lawrence F. Kelley, the deacon, Rev. Jos. Kelly, the sub-deacon, Rev. M. Daly. After the mass a tablet will be unveiled in the church to the memory of the Rev. Father Cutler. The address will be delivered by the Rev. Louis Smet, the present pastor of St. Mary's church.

The mass meeting of citizens of the city which was scheduled to be held Friday night at 8 o'clock at the Westminster Building under the auspices of the Virginia State committee on camps activities will be held at the same date and hour at the Young People's Building, according to announcement made today. The change was necessitated by the fact that the regular weekly entertainment for soldiers encamped in this vicinity is held in the Westminster Building Friday nights, and it was thought the two affairs would conflict. Invitations to representatives of various commercial, civic, fraternal and church organizations have been mailed asking them to be present at the meeting Friday night, and it is thought that a large crowd will greet the state committee.

TWO LITTLE AUTO VICTIMS.

One Killed and Another Seriously Hurt While Playing in Street. Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—Motor vehicles caused the death of one child and the serious injury of another yesterday afternoon. Both accidents occurred while the children were playing in the street.

Annie Mitchell, 10 years old, was knocked down by a motor car driven by Adam Berle, while she was playing with several small friends on Twelfth street between Jefferson and Oxford. The child, in pursuit of a playmate, ran directly in front of the car.

While playing at Marshall and Brown streets, Louis Detwiler, 2 years old, was run down by an automobile driven by Peter Haney, 22 years old.

FRATERNAL VISIT.

Oriental Lodge of This City Will be the Guests at Ballston on the 11th Proximo.

Ernest R. Boyer, Grand Inner Guard of the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias of Virginia, assisted by P. C. A. J. Butcher, and Representative L. D. Sullivan, is arranging for a visit of Oriental Lodge of this city to Sir Launcelot Lodge at Ballston on Tuesday, September 11th.

The members of Oriental Lodge will assemble at the Rathbone Memorial Temple, 319 Cameron street, at 7:00 p. m., and be conveyed to Ballston in automobiles.

Sir Launcelot Lodge was instituted by Mr. Boyer December 7th, 1898, and is closely associated with the membership of Oriental Lodge.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE PRIZE DRILL TO BE GIVEN BY THE Alexandria Light Infantry—Prize to be Awarded to Best Drilled Man.

There will be something doing every minute on the day of the excursion to be given by the Alexandria Lodge of Elks, No. 758, Wednesday, August 29, 1917, to Marshall Hall, Md. There will be prize races for the children, prize drill of men of the Alexandria Light Infantry, prize dances, watermelon contest and souvenirs for all. The boat will leave Washington 10 a. m., 12:30 and 6:30 p. m. Alexandria at 10:30 a. m., and 3 and 7 p. m., from Cameron street wharf. Make your plans to go. 203-31.

There will be no delivery of mails at the city postoffice on September 3, Labor Day. Collections will be made in the afternoon over the entire city. The main office will be closed all day.

Sergeant Wm. Lawrence Arnold, who is detailed with the Quartermaster Department at Newport, News, Va., spent the week end with his mother, Mrs. James Brooke Arnold, 222 north Patrick street.

The funeral of the late Thomas F. Jacobs, who died at an early hour last Sunday morning, took place from the residence on south Lee street this afternoon. The services were conducted by the Rev. A. E. Spielman, pastor of Trinity M. E. Church.

At the First Presbyterian church tonight at 7:45 there will be a preaching service conducted by Evangelist F. E. Gibson. His subject will be, "The Trial of Faith." All are welcome. The blue song books are being used and everyone is invited to take them to the service and join in the singing.

The following named gentlemen will act as pallbearers at the funeral of the late Captain John Beckham which will take place tomorrow, Thursday afternoon, at four o'clock at his late residence, 918 Prince street: J. W. Bolin, W. R. Smith, T. W. Robinson, D. H. Appich, W. H. McKnight and G. W. Ramsay. The interment will be in St. Paul's cemetery.

Capt. Henry Schneider, the Washington police officer who has been summoned to appear before a special police trial board tomorrow morning to answer charges of conduct prejudicial to the good order and reputation of the police department, in attempting to obtain a settlement "out of court" in the case of Edward Ellison, South Washington junk dealer, who is accused by the Alexandria county authorities with larceny, has engaged R. C. L. Moncre to represent him at the hearing in Washington.

THE LATE MISS ARNOLD

Funeral of Former Alexandrian Takes Place This Afternoon at Ivy Hill Cemetery.

As has been stated in the Gazette, Miss Georgia A. Arnold, for many years a teacher in the private and public schools of Baltimore, died suddenly early Monday morning at the residence of her cousin, Mrs. John B. Potkey, of Glyndon, Md., to whom she was paying a visit. Miss Arnold, up to a few days ago, had apparently enjoyed the best of health. But a short time ago she became slightly indisposed, and Monday morning, after getting out of bed, she was heard to fall. When the people with whom she was staying reached her, she was dead. Miss Arnold was the daughter of John A. and Elizabeth Arnold, of Alexandria. Soon after her graduation from school she began teaching, and for a number of years she had taught in several places—the public schools of Baltimore and Virginia being among them. For the past two years she has had charge of the instruction of the children of Harold E. West, at his home on the Magothy River.

The only near relatives who survive Miss Arnold are a nephew and three nieces. These are Joseph W. Monrge, chief of telegraph of the United States Weather Bureau; Mrs. L. M. Thompson, Miss Bessie Lawrence and Miss Jeanette Williams, all of Washington, D. C.

The funeral took place from the residence of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Taylor Arnold, at Ivy Hill Cemetery. The Rev. Edgar Carpenter, rector of Grace Episcopal Church officiated. The interment was in Ivy Hill Cemetery.

Alexandria City Schools. Permits to enter the city schools will be issued during the week beginning September 3rd, at Lee School building, commencing at 9 a. m. Permits for the High school, Lee School and Washington school will be issued Monday and Tuesday.

Permits for the West End school will be issued Wednesday at West End school building. Permits for the colored children will be issued Thursday and Friday. Tax receipt must be presented before permit is issued. 204-61. GILBERT A. COX, Clerk.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bendheim left today for New York City.

Dr. Hugh McGuire has returned from Scarborough, Maine.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Gibson have returned from Atlantic City.

Mr. Eugene Taylor left today for Natural Bridge Virginia.

Professor Rollins, of Seminary Hill, returned today from Statesville N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Mills, of West End, Duke street, left today for Richmond to visit friends.

Secretary Preston of the Chamber of Commerce and Mrs. Preston will go down the river today to the vicinity of Port Foote where they will spend a week camping out.

There will be a called meeting of the Alexandria Red Cross tomorrow morning at ten o'clock at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce to take action regarding the contribution for the Alexandria Light Infantry.

The members of the Alexandria Draft Board are busily engaged today going over the papers of the physical examinations of the men brought before them on the second call.

The steamer Charles Macalester carried large crowds of Elks and their friends who went on the excursion down the Potomac to Marshal Hall at ten o'clock this morning and at half-past two this afternoon. It is expected that another large delegation will go down from the city this evening at seven o'clock.

Mrs. Susie Elizabeth Nichols, wife of Francis L. Nichols, died yesterday afternoon at her home, 1500 Duke street. The deceased was a daughter of the late Abner and Sarah C. Iden, and is survived by her husband and several children. Her remains were shipped from Delaplane, Va., for interment today.

SAUNDERS RESIGNS.

Gives up Seat in State Senate to Accept Nomination as Attorney General.

The resignation of John R. Saunders as State Senator for the Twenty-ninth Senatorial District in order to accept the nomination for Attorney General has paved the way for what promises to be a heated contest to fill this vacancy. Governor Stuart has already accepted the resignation of Senator Saunders.

Present indications are that, although only one man has as yet announced his candidacy to represent the twenty-ninth, several more will soon be forthcoming. Major J. N. Stubbs has already announced his candidacy, and supporters of Francis W. Smith, of King and Queen, are urging that he enter the race.

Governor Stuart yesterday issued writ to the sheriffs of the different counties composing the twenty-ninth district, calling for a special election to be held in that district on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1917, which is the date of the regular election. The counties composing the Twenty-ninth Senatorial District are Essex, Gloucester, Mathews, Middlesex and King and Queen.

FOREST FIRES.

Three States of Far West Call Upon Others for Assistance.

Spokane, Aug. 29.—Except in Washington, where the situation was under control yesterday forest fires of serious proportions still are raging in Montana, Oregon, and Idaho. In western Montana reports were that the fire in the Jolo Springs forest was burning along a front of almost 40 miles. Another fire was burning a few miles east of Wallace, Idaho, near the Bitter Root Mountain divide in the Coeur d'Alene forest.

The supply of forest fire fighters in Montana has been exhausted and eastern Washington has been called upon for aid. Two fires in the Sierrita Mountains of southern Oregon were reported uncontrolled at the Portland Federal forestry office.

IMPORTANT MEETING REJECTS POPE'S PLANS

All Organization in Alexandria Invited to Send Representatives to Meeting Tuesday Night.

As has been previously noted in the Gazette, two informal meetings have already been held in this city for the purpose of effecting an organization of a branch of the Federated Council of Employment for men and also one for women. On Tuesday night next, September 4th, another meeting will be held in the Federal building at which it is hoped such organizations may be perfected.

Mr. A. Caminetti, Commissioner general of Immigration, Department of Labor, of Washington, Mr. Edwin Kline and Mrs. Grace Porter Hopkins, also of that Department, will come here at that time to assist in the work of organizing the branch for Alexandria. Every organization in the city is cordially invited to send a representative to the meeting and it is hoped there will be a large attendance.

Objects of the Organization. The objects to be obtained by the United States Employment Service may be briefly stated as follows:

To obtain employment for men and women, also for placing boys and girls over 16 years, with provision for sections therein for a women and girls' division and a young men and boys' division. In this service ample provision is made for giving information concerning industry, vocational guidance and industrial training of boys and girls under 16 years of age, and those above that age desiring the same. Provision is also made in said service for the employment of individuals in professions or other vocations, including teachers. All service is free.

The employment system for the District of Columbia has been extended to include the counties of Alexandria, Loudoun, Fairfax, Prince William, Stafford and King George, in Virginia, and Montgomery, Prince Georges and Charles counties, Maryland, with headquarters at Washington, D. C., on the same lines as is now maintained by said service in the various states.

If an organization is perfected here as expected, it is thought that it will be of material aid in securing necessary labor which is greatly needed here at present.

IN ICE BOX FOR HAY FEVER.

Doctors, After Tests, Say New Fad is Efficacious.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 29.—Hay fever victims will rejoice, and the more exuberant of sufferers may be expected to sing praises of praise to express their joy at the announcement made here yesterday that at last a seasonable remedy for the troublesome malady has been found. The season for this form of malignant misery opened about a week ago.

To end your sniffles and sorrows, say the discoverers of the cure, all you need to do is to put on an overcoat and spend a half-hour each day in a refrigerating plant such as are found around hotels, meat storage houses and other mercantile establishments.

That hay fever disappears with the frost has long been well known. Working on this lead, medical men here decided to try artificial frost, with the result, they say, that hay fever can be cured by "refrigeration."

The experiments made with the new "cure" were exhaustive, and a number of cases submitted themselves for the test. According to Dr. O. J. Bennett, city physician, complete cure of the disease can be had if patients will spend a half-hour each day for a week in a dry freezer. Daily treatments are advised for several days after the disease has disappeared, to prevent a recurrence.

Marriage Notice.

Married—August 28, 1917, at Falls Church, Va., by the Rev. Father Rooney, William Alton Nash, of Alexandria county, and Miss Mabel Cleveland, of Barcroft, Virginia.

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President Wilson's Courteous Reply to Proposals Recently Sent From Vatican Concerning Peace.

President Wilson, in a communication signed by Secretary Lansing yesterday replied to the peace proposals of Pope Benedict XV that the United States must continue to fight until it is satisfied that a peace treaty would be more than another "sdrap of paper" to be torn by Germany's rulers at will. His note is a rejection of peace at this time, but it leaves the door wide open for further discussions and propositions. The following is the text:

"To His Holiness Benedictus XV. Pope: In acknowledgment of the communication of your holiness to the belligerent peoples, dated August 1, 1917, the President of the United States requests me to transmit the following reply:

"Every heart that has not been blinded and hardened by this terrible war must be touched by this moving appeal of his holiness the Pope, must feel the dignity and force of the humane and generous motives which prompted it and must fervently wish that we might take the path of peace he so persuasively points out. But it would be folly to take it if it does not in fact lead to the goal he proposes. Our response must be based upon the stern facts and upon nothing else. It is not a mere cessation of arms he desires; it is a stable and enduring peace. This agony must not be gone through with again, and it must be a matter of very sober judgment what will insure us against it.

"His holiness in substance proposes that we return to the status quo ante bellum, and that then there be a general condonation, disarmament and a concert of nations based upon an acceptance of the principle of arbitration; that by a similar concert freedom of the seas be established; and that the territorial claims of France and Italy, the perplexing problems of the Balkan states, and the restitution of Poland be left to such conciliatory adjustments as may be possible in the new temper of such a peace, due regard being paid to the aspirations of the peoples whose political fortunes and affections will be involved.

"It is manifest that no part of this program can be successfully carried out unless the restitution of status quo ante furnishes a firm and satisfactory basis for it. The object of this war is to deliver the free people of the world from the menace and the actual power of a vast military establishment controlled by an irresponsible government which, having secretly planned to dominate the world, proceeded to carry the plan out without regard either to the sacred obligations of treaty or the long-established practices and long-cherished principles of international action and honor; which chose its own time for the war; delivered its blow fiercely and suddenly; stopped at no barrier either of law or of mercy; swept a whole continent within the tide of blood—not the blood of soldiers only, but the blood of innocent women and children also and of the helpless poor; and now stands balked but not defeated, the enemy of four-fifths of the world. This power is not the German people. It is the ruthless master of the German people. It is no business of ours how that great people came under its control or submitted with temporary zest to the domination of its purpose; but it is our business to see to it that the history of the rest of the world is no longer left to its handling.

"To deal with such a power by way of peace upon the plan proposed by his holiness the Pope would, so far as we can see, involve a recuperation of its strength and a renewal of its policy; would make it necessary to create a permanent hostile combination of nations against the German people, who are its instruments; and would result in abandoning the new-born Russia to the intrigue, the manifold subtle interference and the certain counter-revolution which would be attempted by all the malign influences to which the German government has of late accustomed the world. Can peace be based upon a restitution of its power or upon any word of honor it could

(Continued on Page 2)



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A MASTERFUL REPLY

The reply of President Wilson to Pope Benedict's proposals for peace is justly regarded as one of the most logical and forceful papers ever issued by the United States. There is not a superfluous word in it, and any attempt to make a synopsis of the paper mars its beauty and force. Like the Sermon on the Mount, it cannot be abridged in any way, but must be printed in full and read in full.

The reply is indicative of the virtual selection of the President by the Allies as their spokesman before the world. The note comes as a climax to the remarkable series of state documents in which President Wilson has argued the cause of world democracy against autocracy in the high court of public opinion and accepted more and more by the people of all the Allied countries as expressing their ideals.

Students of diplomacy see in the President's denunciation of the military autocracy a fresh appeal to the war-ridden German people to throw off their military masters and join democracy with a government fit to deal with the remainder of the world. That the response to the Pope's overture would be a courteous but firm declination had been generally believed. The feature that is certain to fix public attention is the cold determination not even to permit the subject of peace negotiations to be broached so long as the evil and dominating forces of autocracy and militarism control the Central Powers. It is not even necessary to read between the lines of the President's response to see clearly apparent the inflexible purpose.

The President's response, reflecting as it does the views of the Entente Allies, sounds the doom of Hohenzollernism and military domination of peoples. That this can and should be accomplished without the destruction of the German people is one of the striking expressions in the President's note, when he expressly disclaims any intent to seek punitive damages and the dismemberment of empires or even punishment of the Central Powers after the war by gigantic economic combinations against them.

This shaft is aimed straight over the heads of the army-controlled Germany Foreign Office at the understanding and appreciation of the German people, already manifesting many signs of a determination to assert their right to govern themselves by parliamentary methods.

As the United States cannot treat with the present Germany, it is useless to discuss the specific terms which the Pope has proposed, and the President wisely refrains from such discussion. The implication is that this nation would be glad to confer regarding these matters with a government that expressed the will and purpose of a free German people, but until it is possible to deal with such a government, nothing can be gained by futile debates.

Germany has not as yet shown a spirit that indicates any feeling of responsibility for the war, any regret for the thousand infamous deeds it has committed, deeds for which it can only atone by an open confession of its wrong doings, forced upon it by an ignominious defeat. Only in that way, and in no other way, can Germany be brought to peace terms which the United States can consider.

There is no crime in the calendar German has not committed and repeated with appalling frequency in spite of protests from every civilized nation. From the very start Germany has conducted the war with a ruthless disregard for human rights and its government has rewarded with special honors the men who have taken the highest rank among its murderers on land and sea.

The President has not closed the door to peace, however. He has shown how easily the German people may fling it wide open. His answer expresses the will of the American people.

LOSS OF CONFIDENCE.

One of the saddest misfortunes that can befall an individual is the loss of confidence in him. When it becomes apparent that we can no longer tie to a supposed friend, the latter has lost a jewel which he will never recover, no matter how long he may live. What is true in the case of individuals is equally true with representatives of nations. Many sad instances in the breach of faith could be quoted from the history of the past.

At the outbreak of the present war Germany pronounced one of the most solemn treaties she ever signed as a scrap of paper and the Kaiser overran a small and peaceable country. She lost the confidence of the world then; she will never recover it if the masses in the Fatherland continue to be seifs to a despotic, cruel and irresponsible oligarchy.

The following from President Wilson's answer to the proposal of Pope Benedict XV. expresses the conviction of this country as well as that of the civilized world that the nation which has so long boasted of its kultur can no longer be trusted. Germany—that is her rulers—has lost their confidence of the world, so much so that no negotiations can be entered into with the powers that be:

"The German government having destroyed its reputation for truth and honor, no one else can restore it. We cannot take the word of the present rulers of Germany as a guarantee of anything that is to endure."

This is an awful indictment, and it is difficult to understand how the people of Germany can "stand for it." Billy Bowles, Sitting Bull, Captain Jack and other leaders of the aborigines in this country could be trusted in peace negotiations and treaties, while William II. of Prussia and his henchmen cannot. There is but one way to deal with this autocracy, that is with the sword.

In the far east when an opium fiend runs amuck the police, armed with spears, run him down and dispatch him as soon as possible. There is no attempt to reason with the maniac, as that would be useless. For safety of the community he must be destroyed. The seventeen nations now at war with Germany realize, from past experience, that this nation cannot be reasoned with nor trusted. In order to settle differences with that country there must be war to the knife. Will the better class of people of that country continue to furnish cannon fodder for such rulers?

PROGRESSIVE PROHIBITION

It was bound to come. The President of the Nonsmokers' Protective League of America has addressed an open letter to President Wilson protesting against giving tobacco in any form to American soldiers and praying that the cultivation of tobacco be prohibited because the land should produce food. He calls supplying tobacco to soldiers a crime and abuses the American Red Cross for being a party to it.

Were Mr. Pease not an earnest fanatic, says the New York Commercial, his letter might be construed as a parody of the arguments of the extreme prohibitionists. He thinks tobacco is as bad as whisky and asks President Wilson to put them in the same class. If the minority Mr. Pease represents were as well organized and as well supplied with cash as is the prohibition lobby at Washington Senators and Representatives would jump at the crack of the anti-tobacco whip just as they hasten to obey the mandates of the prohibition lobbyists. They may one of these days, for, if national prohibition should become the law of the land, it would deprive these professional agitators of their livelihood, and what would be more logical and likely than that they would start an anti-tobacco campaign to keep themselves in clover?

Cynics say that human beings crave a certain amount of abuse or imposition. If they find themselves free they proceed to fetter themselves just to feel miserable. Under an autocratic government the people are free to think, to smoke, to dance and to sin. An autocracy understands the distinction between crime and sin and leaves the latter to the private conscience and the church. When the people govern themselves they legislate against sin as well as crime and then proceed to regulate tastes and habits, as well as acts that concern the public.

PASSING OF THE SWORD

The Philadelphia Ledger suggests that the War Department order eliminating the sword as part of the equipment of the officer in the organization of the new National Army is quite in line with the ac-

cepted practice in the embattled armies in Europe since the beginning of the present war, but it none the less marks the passing—perhaps final—of one of the most cherished, albeit useless, badges of the military profession. This ancient weapon is abandoned for two good reasons: It is no longer of real service either as an instrument of offense or of defense, and it is a distinguishing mark which makes its bearer a conspicuous target for the enemy sharpshooter. The cavalry saber will probably remain for a time, where cavalry can find anything to do, for this form of the sword is to the trooper what the bayonet is to the infantryman. Notwithstanding the admitted uselessness of the sword, its passing will be regretted. It may still linger awhile as a ceremonial adornment, a symbol of military rank far from the field of active service, but, like all antiquated things, must finally succumb to the inevitable and be banished from the kit of the real soldier.

Shortly after the close of the civil war in this country the late Colonel John S. Mosby said the sword had become useless, and that the time had come when it should be hung up with the coats of mail of the olden times.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Under the above heading the Gazette will be pleased to give reasonable space to any person who desires to make comment upon matters of general interest to the public. Writers will of course be responsible for their utterances. As a guarantee of good faith, the name and address of the writer of any article submitted for publication will be required in each instance.—Editor Gazette.

Editor Gazette:

In our first letter we called attention to the fact that Jamaica, a well known town on this island, is called "an incorporated village." So also is Hempstead, and the numerous townships, as we call them, around here. This comes from the fact that these places are incorporated under the old law of New England establishing villages as corporations. The word town, as is well known to all familiar with New England terms, is often applied to that division of a county which is called a district in Virginia. Thus here we have Hempstead village and the "town" that is the "district" of Hempstead which extends over a good part of Nassau county.

The old rectory of Hempstead in which we are now staying is notable as the house in which E. H. Harriman was born, so well known as the great railroad magnate and financier. He was the son of the Rev. Orlando Harriman, rector of St. George's Episcopal Church from 1844 to 1849. After Mr. Harriman's death his family gave a fine parish hall as a memorial to him. This hall is now taken by the State Government and is occupied as an armory. The rectory to which we have referred is a quaint frame building with a gambrel roof erected in 1793. It has one of the most beautiful yards we have ever seen, surrounded by an old lilac hedge.

St. George's Church is of great interest to members of the Episcopal communion. It was established in 1704 by the English Society "for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts," and its first rector, the Rev. John Thomas, whose body lies in an unknown grave in the old churchyard, commenced his work in that year. The oldest tombstone in the churchyard is dated 1738. The communion silver which is used to this very day in the church was presented in 1706 by Queen Anne. The words Annae Reginae are on the chalice. The present church built in 1822 is a fine specimen of the colonial style of architecture.

The Presbyterian Church of this town has also a notable history. It is the oldest Presbyterian congregation in the United States, being founded in the year 1644. The present minister of this church was careful to state at the 250th anniversary of the founding of "Christ's Presbyterian Church, Hempstead, Long Island" held in 1894, that "Our claim is not that the Hempstead Church is the oldest Protestant and Presbyterian in form of the churches in America, for the Dutch Reformed Church, established on Manhattan Island in 1628, was also Presbyterian in organization, but that this particular church in Hempstead is the oldest of the denomination which has always been called by the name 'Presbyterian.' The other churches in this 'village' are the Methodist which has a beautiful spire, the Baptist and the Roman Catholic. The Church of Christ Scientist, also has a congregation here."

August Belmont has a fine residence here with spacious grounds surrounding it, but he divides his time between this and other places owned by him. His celebrated race

DEL RAY AND ST. ELMO PERSONAL NEWS NOTES

Del Ray, Aug. 29.—Jefferson district public schools will open for the fall term on Monday, September 17th. Mrs. Bonnie G. Cronis will be the new principal, and Miss Ione B. Collins the new teacher at Hume School. This year at Mt. Vernon School, Del Ray, there will be first and second year high, taught by Miss Josephine Wayts and Miss Ina Hall. Miss Huffington will continue as supervising principal of the grade schools.

tracks and stables are at Belmont, a 'village' between Hempstead and Jamaica. Mr. Frank Harper, now deceased, a member of the well known publishing firm of Harper Brothers, New York, once had a home in this town not far from the rectory.

About a mile north from Hempstead on Hempstead Plains is Garden City founded by Mr. Alexander T. Stewart, the celebrated merchant of New York years ago, so that proper homes could be provided for his employees, near enough to the city and yet with all the advantages of the country. He also built a hotel there for the benefit of those in his store who were unmarried, or preferred that life. This is now turned into a splendid hotel of the first class where the rates are from seven dollars a day up. In fact the purpose of Mr. Stewart in establishing this city seems to have passed away with him, and there is hardly a descendant of any of his employees living in the neighborhood. But his name will never be forgotten so long as the noble memorial erected by his widow, the Episcopal Cathedral of the Incarnation, rears its lofty and imposing spire, 221 feet in height, above Gaylen City and Hempstead Plains. While the Cathedral is small in size as compared with those of Europe, it is solid and substantial in material and workmanship, and beautiful and rich in its design and decoration. In the crypt rest the remains of Mr. Stewart and his wife, Cornelia Stewart, though in truth this statement must be made with considerable qualification as it is generally believed that Mr. Stewart's own body was never recovered after it was stolen, shortly after its first burial. The Cathedral is the centre of the Episcopal Church life of the diocese of Long Island. The residence of the bishop is in the grounds, and two colored schools of high standing, one for boys and the other for girls.

S. W. Hempstead, Long Island, New York.

REJECTS POPE'S PLANS.
 (Continued from Page 1)

pledge in a treaty of settlement and accommodation?
 "Responsible statesmen must now everywhere see, if they never saw before, that no peace can rest securely upon political or economic restrictions meant to benefit some nations and cripple or embarrass others, upon vindictive action of any sort, or any kind of revenge or deliberate injury. The American people have suffered intolerable wrongs at the hands of the imperial German government, but they desire no reprisal upon the German people, who have themselves suffered all things in this war, which they did not choose. They believe that peace should rest upon the rights of peoples, not the rights of governments—the rights of peoples great or small, weak or powerful—their equal right to freedom and security and self-government and to a participation upon fair terms in the economic opportunities of the world—the German people, of course, included, if they will accept equality and not seek domination."

"The test, therefore, of every plan of peace is this: Is it based upon the faith of all the peoples involved or merely upon the word of an ambitious and intriguing government, on the one hand, and of a group of free peoples on the other? This is a test which goes to the root of the matter; and it is the test which must be applied."

"The purposes of the United States in this war are known to the whole world—to every people to whom the truth has been permitted to come. They do not need to be stated again. We seek no material advantage of any kind. We believe that the intolerable wrongs done in this war by the furious and brutal power of the imperial German government ought to be repaired, but not at the expense of the sovereignty of any people—rather a vindication of the sovereignty both of those that are weak and of those that are strong. Punitive damages, the dismemberment of empires, the establishment of selfish and exclusive economic leagues, we deem inexpedient and in the end

Mrs. S. J. Irby with daughter, Beulah, of St. Elmo, are visiting her mother at Gretna, Va.

The usual Wednesday evening prayer meeting will be held tonight at the Baptist Church.

At M. E. Church South tonight there will be a called meeting of the Ladies' Aid at the conclusion of the regular Wednesday evening prayer meeting.

worse than futile, no proper basis for a peace of any kind, least of all for an enduring peace. That must be based upon justice and fairness and the common rights of mankind.

"We cannot take the word of the present rulers of Germany as a guarantee of anything that is to endure, unless explicitly supported by such conclusive evidence of the will and purpose of the German people themselves as the other peoples of the world would be justified in accepting. Without such guarantees treaties of settlement, agreements for disarmament, covenants to set up arbitration in the place of force, territorial adjustments, reconstitutions of small nations, if made with the German government, no man, no nation could now depend on. We must await some new evidence of the purpose of the great peoples of the central powers. God grant it may be given soon and in a way to restore the confidence of all peoples everywhere in the faith of nations and the possibility of a covenanted peace."

FIRE FROM DRAFT BOARD

West Virginia Exemption Officials Accused of Partiality.

Williamson, W. Va., Aug. 29.—Two members of the Mingo county exemption board—Dr. A. G. Rutherford and J. M. Studebaker—were removed from office yesterday at the order of President Wilson, issued through Provost Marshal-General Crowder. The removal followed charges of partiality and friction among the members of the board.

It is alleged that friction resulted from the request of N. H. Manakee, chairman of the board, that Dr. Rutherford not sit in the cases of Howard Schoew, a coal operator and business associate of Dr. Rutherford, and Archer Burton Cook, a relative of the physician. It is said that an unusual number of claims for exemption have been filed with the board and a large number of the claims accepted. Despite orders received today removing the two members, the board was still in session late today.

Believed to have been influenced by his mother's fear that he would be drafted, Joseph Chappell shot himself to death in Carroll county. He left home ostensibly to hunt squirrels, his body being found later with his gun by his side. His mother claims the responsibility for his act because of constant worry. He shot himself in the heart with the aid of a stick, with which he pressed the trigger.

The Store of Greater Service.
LANSBURGH & BRO.
 Washington, D. C.

Bungalow Aprons and House Dresses

Bungalow Aprons, made of checked percale or gingham with solid color trimmings; button back, belt and pocket. 75c. value, special at 59c

Odd Lots of House Dresses, mostly Mendel's make, in gingham, chambray and lawn. Sizes 36 to 42. Values up \$1.50, specially priced at 79c

House or Porch Dresses, made of fine quality voile. Sizes 36 to 46. Specially priced at \$1.95

Billie Burke Dresses made of fine quality voile, with large collar, belt and pocket. \$3.00 values, extra special at \$1.95

EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING BUT THE HARDWARE

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ALEXANDRIA, VA.

LUMBER

EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING BUT THE HARDWARE

SPECIAL NOTICE!

The Chamber of Commerce of this city has requested the co-operation of all the Real Estate Agents in Alexandria, in an effort to locate a large number of new workmen to be employed at the Steel Plant near Giesboro. In compliance with their request I therefore urge and request all property owners in the City of Alexandria, whose houses are vacant, to send a description of the same to this office, which property will be listed with the Chamber of Commerce.

J. D. NORMOYLE

Real Estate and Renting Agent,

Corner King and Royal Streets.

Bell Phone 564.

Notary Public.

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WITH FIFTY-TWO YEARS OF HONORABLE SERVICE, WITH ITS CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OF \$850,000.00 AND RESOURCES OF \$1,850,000.00 IS A SAFE DEPOSITORY FOR YOUR SAVINGS. ACCOUNTS OF INDIVIDUALS, FIRMS AND CORPORATIONS INVITED

PREPARE FOR NEXT WINTER
 Liquid Glass will keep Eggs from spoiling until next spring, if used now. One pint is added to eleven pints of water, according to full directions on the bottle.
 Pint Bottles 20c. Quart Bottles 35c.
 Put up by
LEADBEATER DRUG CORPORATION

Every copy of the Gazette is paid for, either in cash or by service rendered, consequently, there is no free list of "dead heads," and the circulation is of far greater value to the advertiser. If the goods you offer are what they should be, and the price is right, your advertisement



Insure the home NOW—don't delay another day. This is the season in which most fires occur. Insuring through this Agency means ABSOLUTE PROTECTION at regular rates.

LAURENCE STABLER
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Clearance Sale

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Many pieces at and below cost.

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"THE BUSY CORNER"
S. Kann Sons & Co.
 8TH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.

open 8:15 a. m. Close Saturday at 1 p. m.; other days at 5 p. m.

**Kiddie and
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 25c**

A Bargain at Braddock

A handsome property consisting of substantial dwelling containing three spacious bed rooms, reception hall, large living room, dining room and kitchen, bath and pantry, front and rear porches, stable and other outbuildings, electric lights, half acre of ground fenced for gardening purposes, beautiful half acre lawn, fruit trees, concrete walk and altogether one of the most desirable pieces of property within the city limits.

Can be purchased with very little cash.

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A TIMELY SUGGESTION: WESTINGHOUSE FANS

WE HAVE THEM IN THE FOLLOWING SIZES:

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Phone, or drop us a postal for full particulars.

**Alexandria County
 Lighting Company**

524 King Street

Phone 193

WRIST WATCHES

\$3.25, \$6.00, \$10.00, \$12.00,
 \$15.00, \$20.00

WRIST WATCH STRAPS

25 and 50c

Open Face or Hunting Case Watches made into
 Wrist Watches.

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GERMAN SUBS SUNK

Survivors Taken Prisoners of War
 On American Vessel.

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 28.—News of the sinking of a German U-boat by an American destroyer, of the sinking of another submarine by a British submarine, and of the escape of a French passenger steamer from an attacking U-boat by the use of a smoke cloud reached here yesterday.

William Brown, an American seaman, who arrived on a British steamer, related how an American destroyer arrived in the nick of time, under a full head of steam, while a U-boat was preparing to sink a British steamer. Shots from the destroyer sent the submarine to the bottom.

Several of her officers and crew who had boarded the British steamer were attacked and an officer and three men were killed. The surviving Germans were turned over to the destroyer as prisoners of war.

The captain of a British steamer told of the timely arrival of a British submarine as a U-boat was shelling his vessel, its torpedo having failed to work. A torpedo broke the German vessel in two.

On August 20 a French liner carrying many women and children was attacked near the Bay of Biscay. She sent out a smoke cloud which effectually concealed her from the U-boat while she zigzagged to safety.

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 29.—Saved by a British cruiser after his ship had been sunk by a German submarine, a British merchant ship captain who arrived here today tells of seeing the U-boat destroyed by a bomb placed by the cruiser.

The submarine disappeared when the cruiser dove in sight to save the crew of the torpedoed steamer. After the cruiser picked up the captain and crew she continued on her way.

A short time later the look-out sighted the periscope of the U-boat craft which was hanging in the wake of the cruiser. The cruiser slowed down and allowed the submarine to catch up.

Dusk was coming on and a specially prepared bomb was let over the cruiser's side. She then put on all steam and ran straight ahead. The submarine followed. By this time it was growing dark.

About 10 minutes later there was an explosion, a black hulk convulsively raised itself from the water and fell back a shapeless mass. The cruiser came about and went back to the scene.

Two Germans were swimming about in the water. They were taken on board the cruiser. The remainder of the German crew perished with their ship.

EFFECT OF ANSWER

President's Reply to Pope Will Be Seen in Many Lights.

Karl H. Von Wiegand, writing in the Washington Herald, says America's answer, through President Wilson, to Pope Benedict's peace suggestion will come as a blow, a surprise, a revelation, an assurance, an inspiration—all there is to Germany.

To the great masses of German people it will come as a renewed offer of friendship from the United States in whose enmity, despite all newspaper utterances, they have never wanted to believe and never could fully grasp.

President Wilson's indictment of the German government will be a hard blow to the Kaiser and severely shake the existing governmental system. It will be a revelation to the German people, if it reaches them in a correctly translated form.

The German people have been told President Wilson sought to see Germany crushed, annihilated, the German people humiliated, and an opportunity for them to recover from the terrible effects of the war made impossible after peace. They have been told that this is false.

America, through President Wilson, now gives the German people assurances that Germany shall have equality with others in the family of nations if they will accept that instead of seeking the domination preached by Bernhard Reventlow and others.

President Wilson has struck the hardest blow at the unrepresentative form of Germany's central political and governmental system since the Russian revolution. That system began to crack in April.

By slow and peaceful means the German Liberal leader, have been edging nearer and nearer to the seat of power in Germany.

President Wilson has greatly encouraged efforts and furthered their purpose. Leaders like Maximilian Harden, Theodor Wolf, George Bernhardt, Richard Witting, Ballin, Erzberger, Prof. Delbrueck, have been telling the German people with great

frankness what is necessary in Germany to bring peace with the world. President Wilson has confirmed the preachings of these men.

ANOTHER VICTORY

Italian Troops Ready to Undertake Next Phase of Drive on Trieste.
 London, Aug. 29.—Another brilliant victory for the Italian army that captured the Austro-Hungarian mountain fortress of Monte Santo was reported today.

According to advices from Rome, basing the assertion upon the Italian high command, all of the Austro-Hungarian defenses on Bainsizza plateau, southeast of Monte Santo, were carried by storm.

All of this strategic plateau is now in the hands of General Cadorna's men, and they are ready now to undertake the next phase of the drive against Trieste.

The fate of the Austro-Hungarian position on Bainsizza Plateau was sealed when Monte Santo was captured.

The chief obstacles now barring the path of the Italians are two mountain heights, both of which were turned into fortresses by the Austro-Hungarians and heavily armed. They are Monte Gabriele and Monte Daniele. They must be taken before the town of Aidussina, at the junction of several roads north of the Vipacco valley, can be overcome.

Another heavy rainstorm has checked operations on the British front in northern France and Belgium.

On that section of the western front held by the French, the artillery duels have been increasing in fury during the past thirty-six hours. This is especially so in the Verdun sector, where the Germans have been shelling the newly won ground of the French around Beaumont from both sides of the Meuse.

SWEDE'S EXPERIENCE

Gives Distressing Description of Conditions in Germany.

Stockholm, Sweden, Aug. 29.—A Swede has returned from six weeks' work in a German munition factory at Torgnan with a most distressing tale of the condition of the workers there, including some French, Belgian and Russian prisoners forced to labor in the shops.

The Swede was lured into Germany by a German named Biltzing, who has been recruiting labor in Sweden and Denmark for German munitions factories. Biltzing promised the Swede 10 marks a day, with only 2 marks deducted for board and room and railroad fare. He accepted, and on the two-day trip to Torgnan his entire food was two sandwiches.

The meals and lodgings were unbearable, the Swede said. For breakfast they had two thin slices of bread and imitation coffee. Midday dinner consisted of sauerkraut and potatoes, and at supper they had only sauerkraut, which was mostly water. At tea-time in the afternoon they had in addition, two more slices of bread, without coffee.

Their lodgings were in the pit of an unused theater, where thirty-two workmen were barracked in bunks three tiers high.

The railroad fare was deducted from his first week's wages, and he was told it would not be refunded or the return ticket paid for unless he worked three months. He was forced

to work on Sundays, and was treated as brutally as the war prisoners. After six weeks the Swede and two others pawned their spare clothes, escaped by stealth, and made their way warning their fellow workers to accept no German labor offers.

TO AGREE UPON A FIGURE

Begin Voting Under Promise to Keep at Work Until the Desired Result is Attained.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Members of the committee appointed by President Wilson to fix a price for the 1917 wheat crop were voting on a price at a late hour last night. It was understood they had agreed to come to a conclusion before the session ended. The basic price fixed will be for No. 1 Northern wheat or its equivalent. Prices for other grades and classes will be left to the Food Administration, which will work out a scale within the next few days.

It was decided before the final meeting began last night to require a three-fourths vote to set a price, and indications were that it would take a number of votes to fix a figure. Representatives of grain-producing interests on the committee have contended for a high price because of the short crop, arguing that, since Congress has fixed an arbitrary price of \$2 for next year's yield, with every prospect of increased acreage, this year's crop is worth a much higher figure. It generally is predicted the price will be between \$2 and \$2.30.

The duties of the committee, it has been understood, will end with the fixing of a wheat price, but it is suggested that the committee may be asked to recommend to the Food Administration fair prices for other commodities on which producers and the Food Administration cannot agree. The price-fixing committee, headed by Dr. H. A. Garfield, president of Williams College, has 12 members representing both producers and the public. It has held daily sessions for more than a week and has received suggestions from many quarters.

Presents Busy Scenes.

Petersburg, Va., Aug. 29.—Very busy scenes have been witnessed at Camp Lee during the past two or three days in receiving, registering and assigning to their quarters and command the 2,000 officers arriving in grand destined for training the regiments of the new national army which will begin to arrive next week. There is perfect system in all this work. While the quarters are not luxurious, they are comfortable, and good meals are furnished.

Classified Advertising

FOR RENT—House with 6 rooms, at 321 south Columbus street; gas, bath and water included, \$13 per month. Apply at 408 Prince street, 205-31.

FOR RENT—Six room brick house with all improvements. Call at 300 north Patrick street. 198-11.

An intelligent person may earn \$100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; \$40 to \$50 monthly in spare time; experience unnecessary; no canvassing; subjects suggested. Send for particulars. National Press Bureau, Room 4234, Buffalo, N. Y. 118-11.

LABORERS WANTED—GOOD WAGES PAID.
 Alexandria Fertilizer & Chemical Co.,
 Alexandria, Virginia.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY

IF YOU READ THIS ADVERTISEMENT AND THEN TAKE
 ADVANTAGE OF THE OPPORTUNITY WHICH IT OFFERS.

Have Just Received A

LARGE SHIPMENT

of Rice & Hutchinson's Shoes. These shoes have a national reputation and will be sold at very low prices. Those which sold at \$3 and \$10 we offer at \$4.95

Cheaper grades, running from \$5 to \$6, will be sold at . . . \$3.95

We also sell the Walton Shoes for children, and can save you money on them as well.

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 SAMPLE SHOE STORE.**

115 North Royal Street
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 EVERY THURSDAY OFFERS OUR
 PATRONS AN UNUSUAL MONEY
 SAVING OPPORTUNITY, AS YOU
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TOMORROW WE OFFER SOME
 EXCELLENT BARGAINS.

BURKE & HERBERT, Bankers

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Deposits Received Subject to Check 3 Per cent. paid
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Having ample resources, conservative management and a representative Board of Directors, is equipped with unexcelled facilities for the transaction of all branches of legitimate banking, and solicits the accounts of corporations, firms or individuals, offering them that same courteous attention which has proven a vital factor in its steadfast and continuous growth.

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Wagar-Carlyle Apartments For Rent

We have several very attractive apartments for rent at the Wagar-Carlyle Apartment House, all modern improvements; up to date heating plant; beautiful bath rooms; large kitchens and gas ranges; cabinets, stationary wash trays with hot and cold water connections; electric light fixtures; janitor service, etc. Per month \$25.00. SEE

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 Pure Ground Meat Scraps
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 ALEXANDRIA FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL CO.

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We are selling and hanging wall Paper—all 1917 patterns—at the lowest prices for which the work can be done. Let us Save Money For You. Paper from 3 1-2 cents per roll up.

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 H. C. SMITH,
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Ladies' Skirts cleaned \$5.00
 Ladies' Suits cleaned \$1.00
 Men's Suits Pressed 40c
 Cleaning, Dyeing, Pressing and
 Scouring.

We call for and deliver work.
 919 E. street Alexandria, Va.

Notice!

We have been selling some fine investment property, in and around this City, and have some splendid deals listed with us. No need to lend your money at 6 per cent when we can give you the safest and best investments, that will net you from 10 to 15 per cent. In view of the demand for houses it is a good time to buy a home or property as an investment. We can always rent good houses, as we are having daily calls for them. Call and let us talk this matter over with you.

CARTER BROTHERS

Real Estate and Insurance.

GERMANS SHORT OF FOOD

Refugee Just Home Declares Conditions Are Serious.

Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—German economic conditions are so bad that the Kaiser cannot hope to hold out much longer, according to William Bartholomew, an official of the Pure Oil Company, who, with his wife and several other refugees, arrived in this city yesterday. Mr. Bartholomew declared that the country is on the brink of starvation and is making a desperate effort to prevent news of her plight from reaching the outside world.

"It is impossible to get a square meal in Germany," Mr. Bartholomew declared.

Mr. Bartholomew had been in Germany since 1907 and had been interned since the outbreak of the war. On the ship that brought Mr. and Mrs. Bartholomew across the Atlantic were refugees who all agreed that Germany is in a desperate plight and cannot hold out much longer.

The food embargo, they said, was a heavy blow to German hopes and has resulted in the curtailment of great quantities of foodstuffs which formerly were shipped into Germany from the Scandinavian countries. A plain dinner in any part of Sweden now costs \$2.50, they declared.

Axel Bahnsen, who was in Germany representing harvester interests, was a fellow-passenger of the Bartholomews. He declared that when the food situation became acute he sent his wife and children to Denmark, but remained in Germany himself at great discomfort.

"All food supplies," Bahnsen said, "are sent to soldiers, and the civilian population is stinted almost to the point of starvation. The robust can stand this for a time, but the aged, children and invalids suffer greatly. Everything and everybody is sacrificed for the army."

AGGRESSIVE CAMPAIGN

State Chairman James, Confers With Westmoreland Davis, Democratic Nominee.

Regardless of whether the Republicans put a ticket in the field or not, the Democratic campaign for the coming election has begun in earnest. This decision was made when Westmoreland Davis, Democratic nominee for Governor, George Bryan, John P. Leary, State Chairman Rorer A. James and Secretary J. N. Brennan met informally at Murphy's Hotel, in Richmond Monday and discussed the coming campaign for Governor and other State officials.

It was the consensus of opinion that an early and vigorous campaign should be inaugurated, whether the Republicans put up a fight or not.

As a result of the conference, Chairman James issued a call for a meeting of the Democratic State Committee at Murphy's Hotel Wednesday night, September 12, 1917, at 8 o'clock, when that body will formally launch the campaign.

Westmoreland Davis has filed the following itemized account of his election expenses, which amount to \$8,880.30. This expense account was filed at the home of Mr. Davis last Saturday with the clerk of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County. The following items appear in the account: entrance fee, \$100; traveling and purposes properly incidental, \$1,080; printing and circular letters, \$2,574.35; advertising, \$1,429.50; stationery, postage, telegraph and telephone calls, \$3,069.51; renting halls, \$160; renting campaign headquarters, \$466.94.

Not to be outwitted by the Russian battalion of women, Texas and Oklahoma wives of soldiers in the regular, national and guard units of the army are organizing a regiment of about 1,200, and offering to follow the army to France to help in the world war in any way the War Department sees fit, even to entering the trenches.

WILSON TO LEAD PARADE

President Emphasizes Desire That Mobilization of Draft Men Be Made a Gala Affair.

Washington, Aug. 29.—President Wilson will lead the civic and military parade which will act as an escort of honor to the District of Columbia's drafted army of 1,000 young men when they are mobilized for enlistment for Camp Meade, at Annapolis, Md. The President today accepted the invitation of the committee in charge of the arrangements to pay a tribute to the drafted boys. The President's acceptance was given in order to lay emphasis upon his expressed wish that the day the drafted boys are mobilized at their homes for the journey to the training camps be made a gala and patriotic affair in their communities. After marching down Pennsylvania avenue at the head of the long procession which will escort the Washington drafted young men, the President will review the city's first quota from a reviewing stand near Union Station.

All Washington—governmental and commercial—will close its doors for the occasion, and the present plans of the committee call for one of the largest demonstrations ever held in the National Capital. Those National Guard troops encamped near Washington at the time, the regulars at Fort Myer and every civic and commercial organization will fall in the procession line to help do honor to the young men who will take their first step toward helping win the war.

Arrangements are being made to cover the Pennsylvania avenue buildings with the colors of America and her allies. The English, French, Russian and Japanese military and naval missions, which are here, will be asked to take part in the demonstration, giving it an international color.

PLEDGE ALLEGIANCE.

Catholics Acclaim Pope's Peace Proposal But Do Not Urge Acceptance.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 29.—The resolutions committee of the American Federation of Catholic Societies yesterday pledged American Catholics to the war program of the United States, and recommended that a resolution to that effect be adopted. The resolution is to be presented to the annual convention now in session here, and is expected to be passed by a large vote. The resolutions by the committee also "acclaimed" the peace proposal of Pope Benedict, but did not urge its acceptance by the American government.

"We pledge without reservation our blood and our treasure for the defense and perpetuation of our beloved country; and we solemnly affirm our indissoluble attachment to the principles of American government," the loyalty resolution declared.

Of the Pope's proposal the following was stated:

"We reverently and joyfully acclaim the action of our Most Holy Father, Benedict XV, in his proposal for a basis for the negotiations of peace between the warring nations, and we mark with pardonable pride the accord between the articles of agreement offered by the Supreme Pontiff and the tentative suggestions formerly made by the President of the United States."

SETTLING LABOR ROWS.

Disaffection Now in the Ranks of the I. W. W.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Threatened labor disturbances in war industries on the Pacific Coast and in the Northwest have passed their climax, officials declared yesterday, and conditions in the affected districts are rapidly improving.

Reports to the Departments of La-

bor and Justice from field investigators indicated that disaffection exists among the ranks of the Industrial Workers of the World and that the organization may soon face internal strife. The swift and drastic action taken by the government to suppress the threatened general I. W. W. strike in Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Montana, August 21, officials said, had a discouraging effect upon the organization leaders and so far as could be ascertained no labor disturbances are contemplated by the organization.

Hundreds of members of the I. W. W., it was said, have become dissatisfied and in certain localities many already have indicated the desire to leave the organization.

SHIP QUESTION IN ABEYANCE.

President Will Wait to Ascertain America's Needs.

Washington, Aug. 29.—America's need is the consideration that will guide President Wilson in his decision as to the final disposition of foreign merchant vessels building in United States shipyards. For that reason, it was said yesterday, the question may not be decided for some time, since at present there is no accurate estimate of the country's tonnage requirements.

The Shipping Board yesterday let two foreign vessels just completed go—one to the British and the other to the French Government—with the understanding that their release will not set a precedent. The ships had been built for British and French interests, and had been paid for. They were commandeered by the Emergency Fleet Corporation just about the time of their completion. It was decided that the British and French needs at this time are greater than this country's.

It will be some months yet before most of the foreign vessels are completed, and it will take some time, too, for the Shipping Board to ascertain how much tonnage will be required for the transport of American troops and supplies and to maintain normal trade routes.

SEVEN SONS IN SERVICE.

Mrs. Tisdall Proud of Her Boys in British and American Armies.

Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 29.—With seven sons in the service of the Allies, Mrs. William J. Tisdall, a widow, whose father fought in the Napoleonic wars and whose husband served in the English Army, said yesterday she was proud that each one of her sons was fighting against Germany. The self-sacrifice of the mother so impressed another man, Samuel Tadall, that he enlisted in the Italian Army.

Of the sons, Henry and Mark are serving in the British Army, Edward is with the Canadians, Victor is in England with the Scots Canadians, Travers is a member of the Eleventh Regiment of Engineers in the American Army, and John and William are serving under the American flag.

WOMAN BURNS TO DEATH

Mrs. Lehman's Clothing Ignited By Flying Sparks.

Waynesboro, Pa., Aug. 29.—Cashier Jacob H. Stoner, of the People's Bank, this place, was called to Stoufferstown yesterday by the death of his sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Lehman, who died this morning of burns.

Mrs. Lehman was kindling a fire in the furnace of the wash house when sparks set fire to her clothing. Before help could reach her the clothing was burned off and her body was a mass of charred and blistered flesh. She was taken to the Chambersburg Hospital, but died shortly afterward. She was 72 years old.

RENEWED TESTIMONY

No one in Alexandria who suffers backache, headaches, or distressing bladder ills can afford to ignore this Alexandria woman's twice-told story. It is confirmed testimony that no Alexandria resident can doubt.

Mrs. Martha Byrne, 209 Wilkes Street, Alexandria, says: "I suffered severely from backaches and pains throughout my body. My kidneys were badly disordered and I was steadily running down in health. A friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and the first box greatly benefited me. I kept on using them and I now enjoy good health."

Over four years later Mrs. Byrne said: "I seldom have any trouble with my kidneys now. Doan's Kidney Pills are responsible for my present good health."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Byrne has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

SENT SORROW INTO HOMES.

Federal Authorities Nab Man Offering Cemetery Lots to Conscriptionists.

Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—W. J. Webb, a salesman for the Forest Hill Cemetery, with offices in the West End Trust Building, was yesterday held in \$2000 bail for Court by United States Commissioner Long, charged with violating the espionage law. Webb, it was charged, was intimidating men accepted for the new draft army by sending out literature to them advertising burial lots for sale in the cemetery. He was arrested at his home at No. 1328 Cambria street by Chief Postal Inspector Cortelyou and Inspector Wynne, after they had received complaints from citizens residing in Kensington.

The postal authorities received complaints from 36 residents of the Twenty-eighth Registration district to the effect that Webb's advertising idea for selling his lots had brought sorrow into their homes. At the hearing Chief Cortelyou stated that Webb's activities had created a furor in Kensington. The circulars sent out by Webb carried pictures of the graveyard followed by reading matter urging the conscripts to be "prepared for death by purchasing for themselves a burial plot in the cemetery."

Webb's advertising scheme was stamped by Cortelyou as the most damnable piece of literature he had yet seen. He declared it tended to disrupt the organization of the new draft army.

AUTOISTS HELD UP.

Machines Searched by U. S. Officers For Liquor.

Winchester, Va., Aug. 29.—For the first time since the Bone-dry law went into effect, on July 1, many residents of Winchester—some of them prominent business and professional men—returning late Sunday night, from automobile trips to Washington, Baltimore and Atlantic City, were flagged with red lanterns by Federal deputy marshals on turnpikes leading into town. All automobiles were searched, but no liquor was found.

Many of the motorists became indignant and demanded that the officers produce search warrants, which were not forthcoming. In several instances tollgates were pulled down so as to stop travel until the cars could be searched for contraband liquor. The revenue men had divided up into squads, and each squad was stationed near tollgates a short distance outside of town.

TO SPARE ARGENTINE SHIPS.

German Promises "Freedom of Seas" to Vessel Carrying Food.

Buenos Aires, Aug. 29.—Germany's reply to Argentina's note embodying demands in connection with the submarine campaign as affecting Argentine shipping has been received. In official circles it was stated that the reply was satisfactory. According to the newspaper La Razon, the German note meets all the demands of Argentina.

The note says that Germany "in order to maintain friendly relations with Argentina, is willing to modify her blockade of enemy coasts, allowing freedom of the seas to vessels under the Argentine flag carrying food."

The note also promises the payment of an indemnity for the sinking of the Argentine steamer Toro by a German submarine.

This indemnity is to be arranged by German and Argentine appraisers.

A NERVOUS WRECK

From Three Years' Suffering. Says Cardui Made Her Well.

Texas City, Tex.—In an interesting statement, Mrs. G. H. Schill, of this town, says: "For three years I suffered untold agony with my head. I was unable to do any of my work."

I just wanted to sleep all the time, for that was the only ease I could get, when I was asleep. I became a nervous wreck just from the awful suffering with my head.

I was so nervous that the least noise would make me jump out of my bed. I had no energy, and was unable to do anything. My son, a young boy, had to do all my household duties.

I was not able to do anything until I took Cardui. I took three bottles in all, and it surely cured me of those awful headaches. That has been three years, and I know the cure is permanent, or I have never had any headache since taking Cardui.

Nothing relieved me until I took Cardui. I took Cardui for your troubles—made me feel like a new person. I had a medical book as being of benefit in my case, and 40 years of use has proved that the book is right. Begin taking Cardui today.

NC-134

VIRGINIA NEWS

Two men are dead, another has a broken neck and a third has a broken back, the result of a series of accidents among enlisted men of the navy. A sailor named Rhodes fell and was killed while working in a drydock at the Norfolk navy yard. Uluse E. Knight, fireman on a scout patrol boat, died yesterday from injuries he received in an explosion in the boiler room of the vessel Saturday night. Carl Smith, chief machinist mate, on another patrol boat, is in the naval hospital with a broken neck. Smith and a shipmate were playing baseball yesterday. The ball went overboard and Smith dived from a dock to recover it. His head came in contact with some submerged object and his neck was broken. He is still alive. George L. Williams, an enlisted man, had his back broken while attempting to board a train. He is in a critical condition.

A dispatch from Harrisonburg says Mrs. J. S. Good, wife of the County Road Commissioner, was knocked down by an automobile at Port Republic Sunday and thrown against a stone in the road. Her cheek bone was fractured and her eyelids and eyebrows were cut off by the sharp stone. She was taken to the University Hospital, Charlottesville, where she was operated on. Felty Bontz had left his automobile standing in front of the house. As Mrs. Good was approaching, the machine, which was unoccupied, suddenly went wild and ran down the road, knocking her over before she could get out of the way.

Frederick Henry Morgan, twelve years old, son of Evan D. and Mrs. Frances Morgan, of Portsmouth, was struck by an automobile Monday while riding a bicycle. He was fatally injured, dying later. Ensign L. F. Miller, U. S. N., driver of the auto, was arrested on a murder charge, and was admitted to bail in the sum of \$1,000 for his appearance in court.

President Hanrahan, of the Seaboard Air Line and chairman of the Southeastern Department of the Railroads' War Board, announced yesterday that the roads in his department up to August 15 had eliminated 116 passenger train schedules as a part of the movement for increased efficiency in handling troops, ammunition, supplies and foodstuffs. This has resulted in releasing 91 locomotives and 426 men for other service and will result in a coal saving of 233,754 tons a year. Permission has been asked of the various states for authority to discontinue 30 additional passenger trains.

Instead of passing resolutions appealing to Congress the tobacco association in Danville yesterday appointed R. L. Dillrell a committee to join with North Carolinians, who today will meet in Washington to lay the labor situation before the Virginia senators and congressmen. It was pointed out that the situation is most serious. There is hardly enough help in the factories to handle the slender receipts now coming in. When the bulk of the crop arrives they will be swamped unless children are permitted to work in the factories.

NEWS OF THE DAY

Two men carrying \$8,100, the payroll of the Winslow Brothers Iron Works, were shot to death in front of the plant in Chicago yesterday by five bandits who escaped with the money in an automobile.

President Wilson was informed late yesterday afternoon of the settlement of the Alabama coal strike, affecting 25,000 men, in a telegram forwarded to him by the Department of Labor. Secretary of Labor Wilson went to Alabama personally to bring the men and bosses together. Word was also received that all the shippers in the Northwest are again operating, striking shipbuilders having adjusted their differences with employers, the Labor Department announced today. Seven more striking yards in New York have resumed work. Thirty yards are yet to adjust their differences, but the situation is improving rapidly, it is said.

More persons of German birth in New York city took their lives in 1916 than of any other nationality, Austrians coming second and Russians third, according to a report by Dr. Shirley Wynne, health department statistician.

Renew health

of stomach, liver and kidneys with the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money-back offer. Taste fine, costs a trifle. Delivered anywhere by our Alexandria Distributors, F. S. Harper, Inc. Phone them.

Richmond and Surprise Theatres

First Show Starts at 7.00 P. M.

RICHMOND

TONIGHT'S PROGRAM

CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG

in

"WITHOUT A SOUL"

The question of life after death.

THURSDAY

GLADYS COBURN

in

"THE PRIMITIVE CALL"

Story of modern society and an ancient race.

FRIDAY

ROBERT WARWICK

in

"ALL MAN"

Chapter 13

MYSTERY of the DOUBLE CROSS

SATURDAY

ROBERT PATON GIBBS

in

"ROBINSON CRUSOE"

Both young and old will enjoy this picture.

Also a 2 reel Fox comedy

"THE HOUSE OF A THOUSAND SCANDALS"

SURPRISE

TONIGHT'S PROGRAM

HOBART HENLEY

and

GERTRUDE SELBY

in

"THE SIGN OF THE POPPY"

THURSDAY

RUTH ROLAND

In Chapter 14 of

"THE NEGLECTED WIFE"

SHORTY HAMILTON

in

"SHORTY SOLVES THE WIRELESS MYSTERY"

MARIE CAHILL

in

"THE PRODIGAL UNCLE"

FRIDAY

"TWIN SOULS"

also

"GIRL FROM FRISCO"

To the Stockholders of the Howard Lumber Company, Inc.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Howard Lumber Company, incorporated, will be held at the principal office of the company, No. 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, at 11:00 a. m., Tuesday, September 4, 1917, to elect Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

JAY P. FELT, Secretary.

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RAILROADS

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information. Not guaranteed.

Trains leave Union Station, Alexandria:

4:27 a. m., Daily—Memphis Special. Sleeping cars and coaches for Lynchburg, Roanoke, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Washington sleeping cars open after 10:00 p. m. Dining car.

7:57 a. m., Daily—Local to Strasburg, connecting daily except Sunday at Strasburg with E and O train leaving there 1:00 p. m. for Harrisonburg. Operates through to Harrisonburg on Sunday. Buffet parlor car.

8:17 a. m., Daily—Local to stations between Manassas and Charlottesville and limited beyond to Atlanta. Coaches only.

9:17 a. m., Daily—U. S. fast mail. Coaches and sleeping cars to Charlotte, Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans. Sleeping car Salisbury to Asheville. Dining car.

2:02 p. m., Saturday only—Local to Harrisonburg. Buffet parlor car. 4:02 p. m., Daily except Saturday and Sunday—Local to Harrisonburg. Buffet parlor car.

4:22 p. m., Daily—Local to Charlottesville. Parlor car to Warrenton. 5:12 p. m., Daily—Birmingham Special. Coaches and sleeping cars to Atlanta and Birmingham. Dining car. Daily tourist car to California.

5:22 p. m., Daily except Sunday—Local for Warrenton.

7:17 p. m., Daily—Augusta Special. Coaches and sleeping cars to Charlotte, Columbia, Aiken and Augusta. Sleeping cars to Asheville. Dining car.

10:02 p. m., Daily—Washington & Chattanooga Limited. (Via Lynchburg). Coaches and sleeping cars to Roanoke, Knoxville, Chattanooga, New Orleans. Dining car.

11:02 p. m., Daily—New York & New Orleans Limited. All Pullman train. Club and Observation cars to Atlanta and New Orleans. Sleeping car to Macon. Dining car.

S. D. SHELTON,

Union Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va.

R. H. DeBUTTS,

Division Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.

THE WASHINGTON VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

In effect June 21, 1915.

Subject to Change Without Notice.

Leave Alexandria for Washington—

Daily Except Sundays and Holidays

A. M.—5:00, 5:40, 6:00, 6:20, 6:40,

6:55, 7:10, 7:20, 7:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:00,

8:10, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00,

10:20, 10:40, 11:00, 11:20, 11:40, Noon

12:00, 12:20, 12:40, 1:00, 1:20, 1:40,

2:00, 2:20, 2:40, 3:00, 3:20, 3:40, 4:00,

4:20, 4:40, 5:00, 5:20, 5:40, 6:00, 6:20,

7:00, 7:20, 7:35, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30,

10:00, 10:30, 11:30, 11:55

Sunday and holidays same as above

except trains at 6:00, 5:40, 5:00, 6:20,

6:40, 7:10, 7:35, 7:50, and 8:10 A. M.

and 11:55 P. M.

Leave Alexandria for Mt. Vernon

A. M.—Week Days—5:35, 6:55, 7:55,

8:55, 10:30, 11:30, 12:30, 1:30, 2:30,

3:30, 5:30, 6:30, 6:55, 6:55, 7:55, 8:55,

10:20, 11:50.

Sunday and above except 6:30 and

9:55 A. M. and 11:50 P. M.

Washington Southern Ry.

Schedule in effect July 2, 1917.

For Washington and points north

daily 8:08, 8:23, 8:33, 10:38, 10:45 a.

m. 12:01, 1:28, 2:30, (through train

for New York, via P. R. R.) 5:14,

5:53, 8:23, 11:33 p. m.

Saturdays only, 4:45 p. m., and

Sundays only 8:08 p. m.